

Financial Management and Accounting Policy

English Martyrs' Leicester Development Trust

Last updated	November 2020
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Financial Management

Financial management is more than just ensuring there is sufficient cash and keeping to budget.

Financial management involves:

- ✓ Setting financial objectives
- ✓ Planning and acquiring funds
- ✓ Ensuring funds are being effectively managed
- ✓ Management and financial accounting
- ✓ Formulating strategy
- ✓ Planning and controlling activities
- ✓ Decision-taking
- ✓ Optimising use of resources
- ✓ Disclosure to other interested parties external to Small Charity Support
- ✓ Disclosure to employees
- ✓ Safeguarding assets.

Clear procedures are needed to ensure that the Trustees have the tools and skills to ensure effective financial management takes place. Where staff and/or volunteers are involved the individual responsibilities should be clear to avoid confusion, inconsistency & conflicts.

The role of the Chair and Head Teacher is often crucial in discussion with key funding bodies, suppliers, commissioners of services, auditors *etc.* However, legally the Trustees are collectively/jointly responsible for ensuring that the charity's resources are properly managed and accounted for and must not assume the Chair/Head Teacher will do everything.. The following policies and procedures enable the Trustees to delegate financial management Chair/Head Teacher..

Definitions:

Board: The Board is the Board of Trustees of Small Charity Support.

Financial Year: Small Charity Support's financial year is 1 January to 31 December.

Finance Officer: The Finance Officer is the person who has the day-to-day responsibility for the administration of financial transactions.

Authorised Person: Authorised persons are those persons authorised by the Board of Trustees to approve financial instruments (cheques, purchase orders, invoices, *etc*) on its behalf.

Income Policy & Procedures

Purpose:

To safeguard, monitor and control income including grants, donations & contribution in the form of BACS, cheques & cash.

To outline the structure of authorisation for dealing with income, credit-control and cash management.

Invoices:

Invoices should be issued whenever it is appropriate.

Invoices should include the following details:

- ✓ the Charity logo;
- ✓ The name and address of the person or organisation being invoiced;
- ✓ The date of the invoice, which must be the date it is posted to the accounts;
- ✓ The nature of the services and/or goods being charged for;
- ✓ The rate at which services and/or goods are being charged for;
- ✓ The purchase order number (where available) and/or any other appropriate identification information provided by the person or organisation being invoiced;
- ✓ If the invoice is to a funding body it should state the funding period to which it relates;
- ✓ The invoice total;
- ✓ The Charity's Support's payment instruction & terms of payment.

Where acceptable to the person/organisation to which it is addressed, the invoice may be sent electronically in PDF format. Otherwise the invoice shall be printed and sent by post. In either case the invoice must be despatched within 2 working days of being produced.

Outstanding invoices:

The Finance Officer will review the outstanding invoices every month.

If an invoice hasn't been paid within 28 days of being issued, then a second invoice should be issued. The second invoice should be a copy of the first, but with "REMINDER" added to it.

Any invoice which remains unpaid for more that 56 days must be brought to the attention of the Board to determine what further action should be taken.

Unless there are extenuating circumstances, debtors with invoices more than 56 days overdue will not be allowed any further credit (eg: the provision of goods or services, or access to any of Small Charity Support's facilities or resources) until the outstanding debt has been repaid in full.

Bad debts will be formally written off annually by the Board as part of the preparation for the audited/examined accounts.

Recording Payments:

Payment by BACS:

Where payments are made directly into the bank account via the BACS payment system the Finance Officer will check for such direct payments each time a bank statement is received, or on-line as circumstances require.

When payment by cheque or cash is received:

When cheques or cash arrive the Finance Officer will ensure that cheques are properly signed and made payable to Small Charity Support and will record their arrival in the accounts;

Cheques and cash received should be banked the same day where possible but at least once per week. Any cheques or cash not banked immediately must be locked away in the safe overnight or until it is banked. A maximum of £250 cash may be held overnight.

Cash in Transit:

All persons carrying cash to or from the bank are instructed to put their personal safety first in the event of any attempt to steal the money.

In the event of losses of cash in transit, the Treasurer must be informed immediately and take the appropriate action.

The times and days of taking cash for banking should be varied and an innocuous plain bag or briefcase must be used for carrying the money. If the amount of cash (*ie*: excluding cheques) being banked is greater than £250 then two people should take the cash to the bank.

Budgeting Policy and Controls:

Purpose:

To provide a means of balancing projected expenditure against projected income and ensuring resources are allocated fairly;

To provide a structure for monitoring and controlling expenditure and allow authorised budget-holders the flexibility to manage their respective budgets within the limits laid down by the Board.

To ensure that funds cash flows can be effectively and efficiently managed to ensure that there are always sufficient accessible funds available to meet the Charity's financial commitments as they arise.

Policy:

The Finance Officer will provide the Board with regular reports at every Trustees' meeting detailing actual and predicted expenditure and income received

Monitoring and Revision:

The Finance Officer will monitor income and expenditure and ensure that the Board receives accurate and up to date information regarding any shortfall in projected income or increase in expenditure. Where necessary, the Chair/Head Teacher will make recommendations on various options for remedial action.

Purchasing Policy and Procedures:

Purpose:

To ensure that all expenditure is properly authorised and provide a standardised procedure for dealing with expenditure items.

Orders - Goods and Services:

The value of an order/purchase to be shown along with delivery charges where appropriate and both inclusive of VAT.

Items over £500 in value must be authorised by the Board. For any purchase over £1000 in value, at least 3 quotes must be obtained in order to ensure a competitive price is paid unless the Board explicitly waives this requirement and records in the minutes of the Board meeting the justification for the waiver.

Delivery notes must be checked and initialled by the budget-holder and be filed in the delivery notes file. Any discrepancy between the order and delivery notes must be notified to the supplier immediately. In the event that a discrepancy is not rectified by the supplier as soon as is reasonably practical the Treasurer must be informed.

Invoices must be checked against the relevant delivery notes, initialled and dated when received by the budget holder and forwarded to the Treasurer for payment.

In the event of any shortfall in delivery or the return of goods for any reason, the relevant credit-note must be received from the supplier before payment is made.

Payments by Cheque and Other Instruments (eg: On-Line BACS, Direct Debit):

Where appropriate, authorised persons who are not Trustees may be established by resolution of the Board. The resolution must state the reason for the authorisation and the date on which it will expire.

Where a cheque or any other form of payment is being made to an authorised person that person may not be a signatory on the cheque or other instruction for payment;

The Charity Commission guidelines recommend that all cheques and other instructions to the bank, including instructions made on-line (eg: for BACS payments) be signed by two authorised persons. However, where this is not practical for small payments, the Trustees may decide to allow of amounts of up to £250 to be approved by just one authorised person, provided that that decision, and the justification for it, are clearly recorded in the minutes of the meeting at which the decision was made;

Where a cheque or other instructions to the bank – including instructions made on-line (eg: for BACS payments) – is for an amount exceeding £1000 the payment must be authorised by the Board of Trustees unless the purpose for which the payment is being made has already been approved by the Board. The authorisation of the payment can be made by written resolution, including by e-mail where appropriate (ie: the authorisation does NOT necessarily require the convening of a Board meeting).

On-Line Purchases Using Credit/Debit Cards:

It is recognised that the increasing availability of on-line purchasing means that it is very often possible to secure products at very competitive prices.

All such on-line purchases must have the prior approval of the Board.

Whenever possible, the delivery address for such on-line purchases should be English Martyrs School.

Petty Cash Policy and Procedure:

Purpose:

To ensure all cash is properly handled including storage, payments and record keeping.

To establish accountability for the proper handling of cash.

Policy:

The Charity will avoid the maintenance of Petty Cash accounts except where absolutely necessary for practical operational reasons.

All cash must be kept in the Petty Cash boxes provided which should be kept in a secure place.

A signed Expenditure Voucher and point-of-sale receipt must support all transactions.

All petty cash boxes must be reconciled monthly by the petty cash holder, or named responsible person.

Requests for replacement cash must tally with the sum of the vouchers.

The Finance Officer shall operate random checks on Petty Cash boxes to ensure that entries are accurate, vouchers and receipts properly stored and that the running balances are correct.

At the end of the month the Finance Officer will enter the petty cash expenditure into the main accounts.

The Accounting and Audit Procedure:

Purpose:

To ensure that the statutory accounting requirements of the Charities Commission are met.

To provide accurate and useful data for the Board.

Procedure:

The Charity's accounts will be managed electronically using appropriate software approved by The Board.

The Board of Trustees appoints the Auditor/Examiner at the AGM, or at other times when circumstances require;

The Finance Officer will ensure that all financial records, supporting documentation and reconciliations are accurately maintained, up to date and easily retrievable for analysis and examination purposes;

The Finance Officer will prepare timely and accurate year-end accounts in the appropriate format with the required supporting working papers and relevant reconciliations.

The Finance Officer will meet with the Auditor/Examiner to ensure that audit/examination queries are resolved and that accounts are completed and signed within six months of the year end.

The Treasurer will ensure that the audited/examined accounts are filed with:

- the Charity Commission within 10 months of the year-end.

Change Record

Date of Change:	Changed By:	Comments:
dd/mm/yy	XX	Policy approved by the Trustees